

## **MONTHLY NEWSLETTER – MARCH 2023**

- In 2022 Q4, **real GDP** increased by 0.6% y/y, contributing to an economic growth of 2.1% throughout 2022. In 2022, economic growth was led by investments (15.0%) and private consumption (3.1%), with foreign trade and the public consumption having a negative contribution. According to the production approach, the activity in the services sector surged by 4.7%, agriculture grew by 2.0%, whereas activity in construction and the industrial sector decreased by 8.4% and 1.5%, respectively.
- The minimum wage starting from March 2023 increased by 12.1%, amounting to Denar 20,175 (EUR 328).
- In 2022 Q4, **unemployment rate** continued the downward trend, dropping to 14.0% in the fourth quarter, thus being lower by 0.3 percentage points compared to the previous quarter.
- In February 2023, the **inflation rate** decreased for the fourth month in a row and amounted to 16.7% annually. The high inflation is mostly due to the rise of food prices by 25.3%, an item with relatively high weight. In the first two months of 2023, the inflation rate was 16,9% with core inflation amounting to 10.4%.
- In January 2023, average **net wage** recorded an annual growth of 13.2% in nominal terms and a 3.3% decrease in real terms. In January 2023, the average net wage amounted to Denar 33,943 (EUR 552), with the average gross wage amounting to Denar 50,837 (EUR 827).
- **Industrial production** in February 2023 increased by 1.0% annually, as a result of the strong growth of Electricity, compensating for the decrease in Manufacturing and Mining.
- In January 2023, **export of goods** grew by 13.7% on annual basis amidst increase of the **import of goods** by 5.0%.
- In February 2023, **credit activity** increased by 7.7% on annual basis, with strong growth in both lending to enterprises (8.2% growth) and household lending (7.2% growth). Total **deposits** were higher by 5.9% (y/y), reflecting growth of both corporate and household deposits.
- In the first two months of 2023, total budget revenues were realized at 13.5% of the Budget for 2023. **Budget revenues** grew by 6.8% y/y, whereby tax revenues picked up by 1% y/y, while social contributions increased by 18.1% y/y. Higher tax revenues were driven by PIT, profit tax, excises, other tax revenues and import duties.
- Total expenditures in the first two months in 2023 were also realized at 13.5% of the Budget for 2023. **Budget expenditures** grew by 2.9% y/y. Current expenditures surged by 2.7% y/y, while capital expenditures recorded higher execution by 5.8%. **Budget deficit** stood at 0.6% of MoF- projected GDP for 2023, while primary deficit is 0.4% of MoF- projected GDP for 2023.
- On March 6<sup>th</sup>, 2023, the Republic of North Macedonia issued the ninth Eurobond on the international capital market, intended for financing of the budget needs for 2023, but primarily for refinancing of public debt liabilities. The Eurobond was issued in the amount of EUR 500 million, with a coupon interest rate of 6.960% and a maturity of 4 years, i.e. until 2027, and it is traded on the London Stock Exchange.



## Republic of North Macedonia

## **Ministry of Finance**

Key macroeconomic indicators and projections

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	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Real GDP growth, %	2.8	1.1	2.9	3.9	-4.7	3.9	2.1
Nominal GDP, million EUR	9,657	10,038	10,744	11,262	10,852	11,690	12,898
Average annual inflation, %	-0.2	1.4	1.5	8.0	1.2	3.2	14.2
Budget balance, % of GDP	-2.7	-2.7	-1.8	-2.0	-8.0	-5.4	-4.5
General government debt, e.o.p, % of GDP	39.9	39.4	40.4	40.5	50.8	52.0	51.0
Current account balance, % of GDP	-2.6	-0.8	0.2	-3.0	-2.9	-3.1	-6.0
Average unemployment rate, %	23.7	22.4	20.7	17.3	16.4	15.7	14.4
Average exchange rate MKD/EUR	61.6	61.6	61.5	61.5	61.7	61,6	61.6
Average key monetary policy rate, %		3.27	2.92	2.29	1.65	1.29	2.46
Foreign reserves, e.o.p., % of GDP	27.1	23.3	26.7	29.0	31.0	31.2	29.9

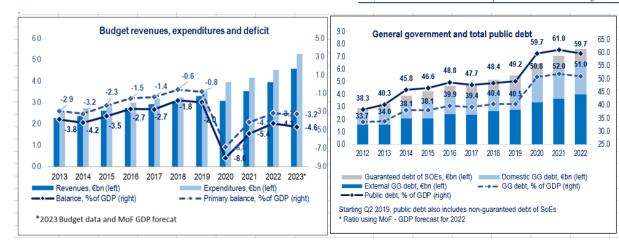
Source: SSO, NBRNM and MoF calculations

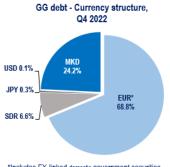
Latest GDP and inflation estimates and forecasts

	Real GDP growth, % Average inflation,		
	2023	2023	
IMF, WEO (October 2022)	3.0	4.5	
European Commission (November 2022)	2.5	7.9	
World Bank (January 2023)	2.4	6.1	
National Bank (October 2022)	2.6	8,0 - 9,0	
MoF, North Macedonia (November 2022*)	2.9	7.1	
*According to budget proposal for 2023			

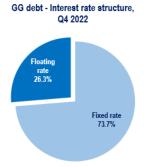
Credit rating, latest

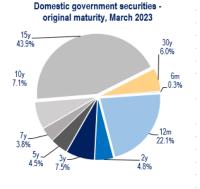
	Rating	Outlook
Standard & Poor's, January 2023	BB-	Stable
Fitch, October 2022	BB+	Negative











## Domestic government securities, EUR m

Outstanding, 31st March 2023	2674
- Of which without FX clause	1779
- Of which with FX clause	895
Total planned net issuance for 2023	350.16
- Of which net issued by March 2023	189.16

<sup>\*</sup> includes roll-over of T-Bonds + net issuance of GS

Yields on domestic government securities issued on the primary market during Marchl 2023

	in %	6m	12m	2y	3y	5y	10y	15y	30y
Without FX clause		2.70	4.00					5.90	
With FX clause								5.65	

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Maturity date	Rating	3	Original/outstanding	Coupon	Price	Yield	3id Spread z-Spread	
	S&P	F	size (mn)				vs. BM	vs. MS
Jul-23	BB-	BB	€ 450	5.625%	99.91	5.693	300	272
Jan-25	BB-	BB	€ 500	2.750%	93.89	6.459	375	300
Jun-26	BB-	BB+	€ 700	3.675%	91.68	6.664	413	342
Mar-27	BB-	BB+	€ 500	6.960%	100.18	6.902	438	373
Mar-28	BB-	BB+	€ 700	1.625%	78.95	6.789	441	369